

Chaddleworth St Andrews and Shefford Church of England Federated Primary Schools	Effective Date:	21.01.26
<b>Policy and Procedure Statement</b>		
<b>Data Protection Policy</b>	Revision Date:	January 2027
	Approval:	21.01.26

This policy is adapted from West Berkshire Council policy and guidance for schools.

As a federation of two Church schools we are at the heart of the community and strive to ‘Live life in all its fullness’, in partnership with parents and the wider community. Chaddleworth St. Andrew’s and Shefford CE Primary Schools are committed to enabling all pupils to achieve their full potential. We will do this through developing a love of learning within a creative environment, where everyone aspires towards excellence.

Our specific Christian values are Community, Compassion, Courage, Trust, Perseverance and Thankfulness.

Name		Signature	Date
<b>Chair of Governing Board</b>	<b>Jim Hazlewood</b>		
<b>Acting Headteacher</b>	<b>Debbie Munday</b>		

### Change History

Version	Date	Description
January 2024	24.01.25	Updates
January 2026	21.01.26	Updates to date sensitive references and DPO details.

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## **1. Aims & Objectives:**

The aim of this policy is to provide a set of guidelines to enable all members of staff to understand:

- The law regarding personal data
- The importance of Personal Data governance
- How personal data should be processed, stored, archived and deleted/destroyed
- How staff, parents and pupils can access personal data
- Examples of good practices

The objective of the policy is to ensure that Chaddleworth St Andrew's and Shefford Federated Primary Schools act within the requirements of the UK GDPR and the Data Protection Act 2018 when retaining and storing personal data, and when making it available to individuals.

## **2. Data Protection – the law:**

- Under the Data Protection Act 2018, and other regulating Acts, access to their own personal data is a statutory right for pupils (if they are of an age to understand the data they request) and parents (as defined in the Education Act 1996) may also request access to their child's personal data.
- School staff have a right of access to personal data on themselves.
- Anyone has the right to question and correct inaccurate data, but this must be matters of fact, not opinions.
- Personal data should always be kept securely and protected by passwords if it is electronic, and processing of the data should only be by those authorised to do so – maintaining privacy is the school's responsibility.
- The law also provides that personal data should not be kept longer than is required.
- Third party data (information about someone other than the requesting individual) should in general only be provided with their permission.
- Gerard Strong (Data Protection Officer-West Berkshire Council) is the named person with overall responsibility for personal data within Chaddleworth St Andrew's and Shefford Federated Primary Schools.
- The DPO supports compliance, monitors policies, leads data protection impact assessments, and acts as the key contact for the ICO

## **3. Fair processing of personal data: data which may be shared**

Schools, local education authorities and the Department for Education (DfE) all hold information on pupils in order to run the education system, and in doing so have to follow the Data Protection and related Acts. This means, among other things that the data held about pupils must only be used for specific purposes allowed by law. The school has a Fair Processing or Privacy Notice which explains how personal data is used and with whom it will be shared. This Notice is published here: [www.csfschools.org](http://www.csfschools.org)

#### **4. Processing, storing, archiving and deleting personal data: guidance**

- Personal data and school records about pupils are confidential to the child. The information can be shared appropriately within the professional working of the school to enable the school to make the best educational provision for the child. The law permits such information to be shared with other educational establishments when pupils change schools.
- School records for a child are kept for seven years after the child leaves the school unless subject to legal hold and or for children with special educational needs.
- Data on staff is sensitive information and confidential to the individual. It is only shared, where appropriate, at the discretion of the Head Teacher and with the knowledge, and if possible the agreement of the staff member concerned. This includes data on the school-provided e-mail system.
- Employment records form part of a staff member's permanent record. Because there are specific legislative issues connected with these (salary and pension details etc.) these records should be retained as set out by the Local Authority
- Interview records, CVs and application forms for unsuccessful applicants are kept for 6 months.
- All formal complaints made to the Head Teacher or School Governors will be kept for at least seven years in confidential files, with any documents on the outcome of such complaints. Individuals concerned in such complaints may have access to such files subject to data protection and to legal professional privilege in the event of a court case.
- All members of staff should only access school-provided systems (including e-mail) up to the last day of employment.

#### **5. Accessing personal data: guidance**

- A child can request access to his/her own data. The request is not charged and does not have to be in writing. The staff will judge whether the request is in the child's best interests, and that the child will understand the information provided. They may also wish to consider whether the request has been made under coercion. All decisions should be documented.
- A parent can request access to or a copy of their child's school records and other information held about their child. The request must be made in writing. There is no charge for such requests on behalf of the child, but there may be an agreed charge for photocopying existing non-digital records. Staff should check, if a request for information is made by a parent, that no other legal obstruction (for example, a court order limiting an individual's exercise of parental responsibility) is in force.
- Parents should note that all rights under the Data Protection Act to do with information about their child rest with the child as soon as they are old enough to understand these rights. This will vary from one child to another but Children aged 12 and above are generally considered mature enough to exercise their data rights unless otherwise assessed.
- Parents are encouraged to discuss and explain any request for information with their child if they are aged 12 or over.
- Separately from the Data Protection Act, The Education (Pupil Information)(England) Regulations 2005 provide a pupil's parent (regardless of the age of the pupil) with the right

to view, or to have a copy of, their child's educational record at the school. Parents who wish to exercise this right must apply to the school in writing.

- For educational records (unlike other personal data; see below) access must be provided within 15 school days, and if copies are requested, these must be supplied within 15 school days of payment of the cost of copying.
- A member of staff can request access to their own records at no charge, but the request must be made in writing. The member of staff has the right to see their own records, and to ask for copies of the records. There is no charge for copies of records.
- GDPR requires that all requests for personal information are dealt with within 1 month of receipt except requests for educational records (see above) or with agreement with the Data Subject. All requests will be acknowledged in writing on receipt, and access to records will be arranged as soon as possible. If awaiting third party consents, the school will arrange access to those documents already available, and notify the individual that other documents may be made available later.
- In all cases, should third party information (information about another individual) be included in the information the staff will try to obtain permission from the third party to show this information to the applicant. If third party permission is not obtained the person with overall responsibility should consider whether the information can still be released.
- Personal data should always be of direct relevance to the person requesting the data. A document discussing more general concerns may not be defined as personal data.
- Under the Freedom of Information Act, a request for personal information can include unstructured as well as structured records – for example, letters, emails etc. not kept within an individual's personal files, or filed by their name, but still directly relevant to them. If these would form part of a wider record it is advisable to file these within structured records as a matter of course and to avoid excessive administrative work in the future.
- Unstructured records such as emails may be disclosed under SAR or FOI requests. Staff should ensure professional and accurate record-keeping at all times.
- Anyone who requests to see their personal data has the right to question the accuracy of matters of fact within the data, and to ask to have inaccurate information deleted or changed. They may also question opinions, and their comments will be recorded, but opinions do not need to be deleted or changed as a part of this process.
- The school will document all requests for personal information with details of who dealt with the request, what information was provided and when, and any outcomes (letter requesting changes etc.) This will enable staff to deal with a complaint if one is made in relation to the request.
- There are certain circumstances where the school can withhold an educational record, for example where the information might cause serious harm to the physical or mental health of the pupil or another individual.
- The right for erasure is not absolute and only applies in certain circumstances. Please refer to Article 17 of the GDPR for circumstances where a request for erasure might be denied.

## 6. Examples of good practices

- Only school-provided data storage (which are centrally archived/encrypted) should be used to store work-related personal data. Only encrypted USB pens may be used for storing personal data. Files should not be saved from the encrypted USB pen to a home computer/laptop for editing. Avoid using unknown suppliers of WiFi services for work activities which involved personal data.
- Do not open an uninvited e-mail from an unrecognised source – check its source with a phone call or delete the mail item without opening any attachment / click on any links.
- Only use computers which have operational anti-virus software.
- Use secure e-mail tool where available by default for all communication involving personal data.
- Look out for unexpected behaviour of your computer – if in doubt, check with a colleague.
- Log queries as questions for your next CPD – everything has an explanation.
- Work to separate (storage of) personal and non-personal data as and when data are being worked on.
- Get to know the steps you need to follow when personal data is lost / leaked to the open world.
- Practice what we preach – children would pick up good practices from us – it is their future we are working to safeguard.

## 7. Data Breaches

All personal data breaches must be reported to the DPO immediately. Where a risk to individuals exists, the ICO will be notified within 72 hours, and affected parties informed where necessary

Linked documents:

- CSF Pupil and Parent Privacy notice December 2025
- Privacy Notice for Job Applicants December 2025
- Privacy notice for Staff December 2025